George Eliot Works: Silas Marner / The Lifted Veil / Brother Jacob and Scenes of Clerical Life

by George Eliot

of Clerical Life. Mary Ann Evans used a male name, George Eliot, to make sure that her works were taken seriously in a time when women were not taken seriously in a time. George Eliot (1819-1880) was a pseudonym that Mary Ann Evans used to publish her works. Her real name was Marian Evans. She was born in Warwickshire, England, on November 1, 1819, and died in Bronte, England, on March 22, 1880.

The first novel written by George Eliot was Adam Bede, which was published in 1859. Other novels followed, including The Mill on the Floss, published in 1860, Silas Marner, published in 1861, and Romola, published in 1863. These novels were followed by Daniel Deronda, published in 1876, and Middlemarch, published in 1871. George Eliot was also a poet and wrote several short stories, including Scenes from Clerical Life.

George Eliot's works have been translated into many languages and are still read today. Her novels are known for their depth and realism, and her stories explore themes such as love, family, and religion. Eliot's writing has been praised for its clarity and its ability to capture the essence of human experience.

George Eliot was a pioneer of women's literature and helped to pave the way for future female writers. She was a member of the Victorian intelligentsia and was known for her intellectual curiosity and her ability to think outside the box. Her legacy continues to inspire writers and readers alike, and her works remain a testament to her talent and vision.